

Whiteboard Review

Please pick up:

A whiteboard

A marker

A felt piece (for an eraser)

Simplify the radical

$$\sqrt[4]{128x^7y^7}$$

$$2xy\sqrt[4]{8x^3y^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt[4]{128x^7y^7} \\ &\sqrt[4]{64 \cdot 2 \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot x \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y \cdot y} \\ &xy \sqrt[4]{64 \cdot 2 \cdot x^3 \cdot y^3} \\ &xy \sqrt[4]{8 \cdot 8 \cdot 2 \cdot x^3 \cdot y^3} \\ &\quad \begin{array}{cccc} & \wedge & \wedge & \wedge \\ & 4 & 2 & 2 \\ & \wedge & \wedge & \wedge \\ & 2 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \\ &\boxed{2xy \sqrt[4]{8x^3y^3}} \end{aligned}$$

Solve for r.

$$3646 = 1 + 5(4r + 17)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

-1 -1

16

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3645}{5} &= \frac{5(4r+17)^{3/2}}{5} \\ (729)^2 &= (\sqrt{(4r+17)^3})^2 \\ \sqrt[3]{729^2} &= \sqrt[3]{(4r+17)^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{729})^2 = 4r + 17$$

$$9^2 = 4r + 17$$

$$81 - 17 = 4r$$

$$\frac{64}{4} = \frac{4r}{4} \quad \text{check } r \checkmark$$

$$16 = r$$

Multiply

$$x^{1/2} \cdot x^{1/5}$$

$$x^{7/10}$$

$$x^{1/2} \cdot x^{1/5}$$

$$x^{5/10} \cdot x^{2/10}$$

$$x^{5/10 + 2/10}$$

$$x^{7/10}$$

Graph, giving at least 4 exact points.
Find the domain, range, and
vertical and horizontal asymptotes.

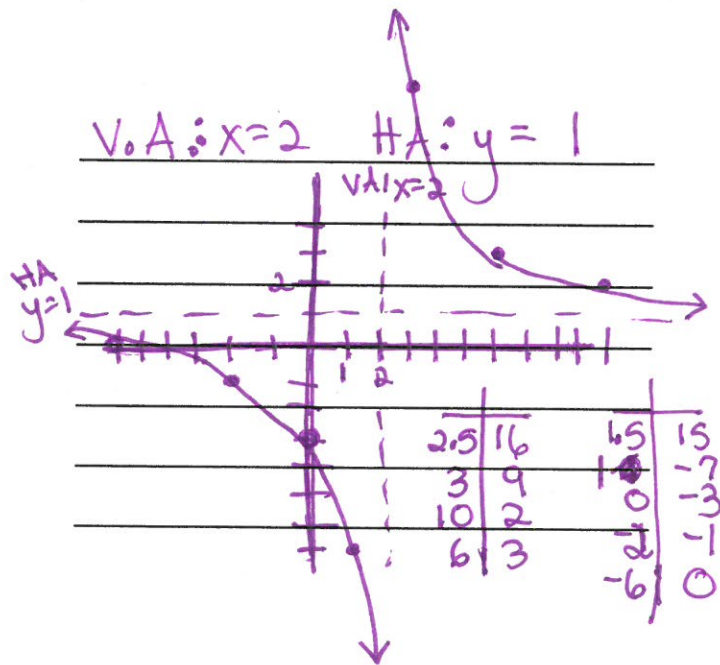
$$f(x) = \frac{8}{x-2} + 1$$

$$D: (-\infty, 2) \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$R: (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$$

$$VA: x = 2$$

$$HA: y = 1$$

Solve for p .

$$\sqrt{-10+7p} = p$$

2, 5

$$(\sqrt{-10+7p})^2 = p^2$$

$$-10+7p = p^2$$

$$0 = p^2 - 7p + 10$$

$$0 = (p-5)(p-2)$$

$$p = 5, 2 \checkmark \checkmark$$

then check them

Simplify.

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a^2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)^{-6}$$

$$\frac{b^3}{a^4}$$

$$\left(\frac{a^{2/3}}{b^{1/2}}\right)^{-6} = \frac{a^{2/3 \cdot -6}}{b^{1/2 \cdot -6}}$$

$$\frac{a^{-12/3}}{b^{-6/2}} = \frac{a^{-4}}{b^{-3}} \boxed{\frac{b^3}{a^4}}$$

Find the inverse.

$$y = 4x + 5$$

$$y = \frac{x-5}{4}$$

$$x = 4y + 5$$

$$\frac{x-5}{4} = \frac{4y}{4}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{x-5}{4} = y}$$

Graph, using at least 4 exact points.
Find the domain, range, and
tell how it was changed from the parent graph.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} + 2$$

$$D: [-4, \infty)$$

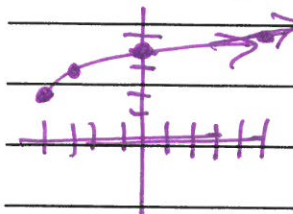
$$R: [2, \infty)$$

Translated left 4, up 2

translate
left 4, up 2

vertex $(-4, 2)$ }

You
MUST
have
vertex
on
graph



-4	2
-3	3
0	4
5	5

$$D: [-4, \infty)$$

$$R: [2, \infty)$$

Does the data show direct or inverse variation? Use this information to find the missing value.

x	0.5	-0.5	20	-1
y	10	-10	?	-5

Inverse

$$y = \frac{5}{x}, \text{ so } y = \frac{1}{4}$$

$xy = 5 \quad 5 \quad 5 \quad 5 \leftarrow xy = k = 5$ If xy is a constant, you have inverse variation
 $y = \frac{k}{x}$

Inverse

$$y = \frac{5}{x} \text{ so do } y = \frac{5}{20}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}$$

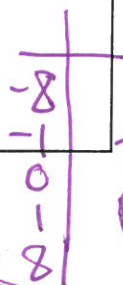
Graph at least 5 exact points. Find the domain, range, and Tell how it was changed from the parent graph.

$$f(x) = -\sqrt[3]{x-5} - 4$$

D: $(-\infty, \infty)$

R: $(-\infty, \infty)$

Right 5, down 4, reflection over x-axis



translate parent x's right 5 THEN substitute them into equation

Reflected over x-axis
Translated right 5, down 4
Vertex MUST be on graph!

			$y = -\sqrt[3]{x-5} - 4$
-3	-2	$-\sqrt[3]{-8} - 4$	
4	-3	$-\sqrt[3]{-1} - 4$	
5	-4	$-\sqrt[3]{0} - 4$	
6	-5	$-\sqrt[3]{1} - 4$	
13	-6	$-\sqrt[3]{8} - 4$	

Find x when y = 5, if y varies inversely as x and x = 6 when y = -18

$$y = -18$$

Get equation

$$y = \frac{k}{x}$$

$$-18 = \frac{k}{6}$$

$$k = -108$$

$$y = \frac{-108}{x}$$

$$5 = \frac{-108}{x}$$

$$x = -21.6$$

use pair first

OR use $x_1, y_1 = x_2, y_2$
 substitute in $y=5$ to solve

