

Quiz 2 Review - on Notebook Paper

Are You Ready For Your Last Quiz In Honors Math II??

Some things to Know, Memorize, AND Understand how to use are...

What are the formulas?

$${}_n P_r = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$${}_n C_r = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Factorial:

For any integer $n > 0$,

$$n! = \underline{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)\dots(3)(2)(1)}$$

If $n=0$, $0! = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$$\text{Ex: } 4! = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Fill in the notation ↓

Intersection of two sets (A ___ B):

If A and B are **Independent** events, then

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A \text{ ___ } B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Fill in the vocab. ↑

If A and B are **Dependent** events, then

$$P(A, \text{ then } B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Union of two sets (A ___ B):

If A and B are **Mutually Inclusive or Exclusive** Events

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A \text{ ___ } B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Complement of a set:

If A and B are **Conditional** Events

$$P(\text{not } A) = P(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P(A \text{ given } B) = P(A \text{ ___ } B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Quiz 2 Review **KEY**

Are You Ready For Your Last Quiz In Honors Math 2??

Some things to Know, Memorize, AND Understand how to use are...

$${}_n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} \quad {}_n C_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)! \bullet r!}$$

Factorial:

For any integer $n > 0$,

$$n! = \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)\dots(3)(2)(1)}{}$$

If $n=0$, $0! = \underline{1}$

$$\text{Ex: } 4! = 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

Intersection of two sets ($A \cap B$):

All the elements that appear in both sets

(the "overlap" of the two sets)

If A and B are **Independent** events, then

$$P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A \cap B) = \underline{P(A) \cdot P(B)}$$

If A and B are **Dependent** events, then

$$P(A, \text{ then } B) = \underline{P(A) \cdot P(B \text{ after } A)}$$

****assume success on 1st draw****

Union of two sets ($A \cup B$):

Everything in either set

(the items in A or B alone or both)

If A and B are **Mutually Inclusive or Exclusive** Events

$$P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

Compliment of a set:

all elements in the universal set

that are **NOT** in the initial set

$$P(\text{not } A) = P(A^c) = 1 - P(A)$$

If A and B are **Conditional** Events

$$P(A \text{ given } B) = P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(B)}$$